



Country profile –Cyprus

Country: Cyprus												
Support schemes	Electricity and heat production			Consumption				Transport		Supply and others		
	RES	Fossil	Nuclear	RES	Fossil	Electricity	Heat	Biofuels	Fossil	RES	Fossil	El./heat
1. Direct subsidies												
Direct on-budget subsidies	7, 6, 5	5						6				
Feed-in tariffs												
Feed-in premiums	7, 4, 3, 2											
Adjustment Aids												
Inherited liabilities												
Induced transfers												
Others												
2. Fiscal measures												
Energy Tax Allowance												
Energy Tax Exemptions												
Other Tax Deductions					10, 9, 8	11						
Earmarked refunds of taxes												
3. Transfer of risk to government												
Adjustment Aids												
Inherited liabilities												
Others												
4. Other financial measures												
Adjustment Aids												
Other Tax Deductions												
Others												
5. Non-fiscal measures												
Quota obligations												
Priority Grid Access	1											
Others												

No	Datasource	Description
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| 1 | RES-LEGAL | In general, the entitlement of plant operators to grid connection to and development is subject to the general legislation on energy. According to the general legislation, plant operators are contractually entitled to the connection of a renewable energy plant to the grid without any plant operator being discriminated against. Furthermore, they are entitled to the expansion of the grid, if such an expansion is necessary to connect a plant to the grid. Renewable energy plants are privileged only in so far as the grid operator is obligated to bear 50% of the connection costs and plant operators are exempt from the power grid charges. Plant operators are also entitled to priority access and dispatch of electricity from renewable sources. |
| 2 | RES-LEGAL | Premium tariff I (SSEEA I) - SSEEA I 2012 aims at incentivising renewable electricity generation through a premium tariff. The scheme applies to natural persons and public entities. The Cypriot power company (EAC) purchases electricity from the plant operators at the market price. The Special Fund for RES and Energy Efficiency pays a bonus on top of the market price. The amount of tariff depends on the electricity generation technology employed. The programme expired on 31 October 2012. |
| 3 | RES-LEGAL | Premium tariff II (SSEEA II) - SSEEA II 2012 aims at incentivising renewable electricity generation through a premium tariff. Under the Premium tariff regime, the Cypriot power company (EAC) purchases electricity from the plant operators at the market price. The Special Fund for RES and Energy Efficiency pays a bonus on top of the market price. The amount of tariff depends on the electricity generation technology employed. The |

		programme expired on 31.10.2012.
4	RES-LEGAL	Premium tariff III (SSRES-SSRES Wind) - SSRES 2012 and SSRES Wind 2012 aims at incentivising renewable electricity generation through a premium tariff. The Cypriot power company (EAC) purchases electricity from the plant operators at the market price. The Special Fund for RES and Energy Efficiency pays a bonus on top of the market price. The amount of tariff depends on the electricity generation technology employed. The programme expired on 31.10.2012 (31.12.2012 for SSRES Wind).
5	RES-LEGAL	Subsidy I (SSEEA I) - Under the SSEEA I scheme, grants are allocated to encourage the installation of RES-E plants. The scheme applies to natural persons and public entities. The amount of grant is a certain percentage of the amount invested. Grants are awarded by the managing committee of the Special Fund for RES and Energy Efficiency. The programme expired on 31 October 2012.
6	RES-LEGAL	Subsidy II (SSEEA II) - Under the SSEEA II scheme, grants are allocated to encourage the installation of RES-E plants. The scheme applies to legal persons and commercial public entities. The amount of grant is a certain percentage of the investment. Grants are awarded by the managing committee of the Special Fund for RES and Energy Efficiency. The programme expired on 31 October 2012.
7	RES-LEGAL	Tenders (SSRES 2012) - SSRES 2012 aims at incentivising renewable electricity generation through tenders. The Special Fund for RES and Energy Efficiency invites tenders to allocate 50 MW for the year 2012. Successful tenderers sign contracts with the Cypriot power company (EAC), which purchases electricity from the plant operators at the market price, and with the Special Fund for RES and Energy Efficiency that pays a bonus on top of the market price. The call for applications ended on 3 September 2012.
8	IVM	Fuel-tax Reductions for the Use of Motor Fuels in Agriculture. No estimates available.
9	IVM	Fuel-tax Exemptions for the Use of Motor Fuels in Agriculture. Gas oil used as motor fuel in certain machineries in agricultural, horticultural or piscicultural works and in forestry is fully exempted from excise duty. No estimates available.
10	IVM	Fuel-Tax Reduction for the Use of Fuels for Heating Purposes. No estimates available.
11	IVM	Reduced Electricity Charges for Certain Families. There is a reduced electricity charge of EUR 0.21 per kWh for families with more than 4 children and low-income families. No estimates available.